RESORT VILLAGE OF B-SAY-TAH FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

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Management's Responsibility

The municipality's management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS). The preparation of the statements necessarily includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and methods, and making decisions affecting the measurement of transactions in which objective judgments and estimates by management is required.

In discharging its responsibilities for the integrity and fair presentation of the financial statements, management designs and maintains the necessary accounting, budget and other related internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are appropriately authorized and accurately recorded, that assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded, and that financial records are properly maintained to provide reliable information for the preparation of the financial statements.

The Council is composed of elected officials who are not employees of the municipality. The Council is responsible for overseeing management in the performance of its financial reporting responsibilities. The Council fulfils these responsibilities by reviewing the financial information prepared by management and discussing relevant matters with external auditors. The Council is also responsible for recommending the appointment of the municipality's external auditors.

Prairie Strong, an independent firm of Chartered Professional Accountants, is appointed by the Council to audit the financial statements and report directly to them; their report follows. The external auditors have full and free access to, and meet periodically and separately with, both the Council and management to discuss their audit findings.

Mayor	Administrator
February 24, 2025	



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To:

The Mayor and Council Resort Village of B-Say-Tah

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Resort Village of B-Say-Tah (the Municipality) which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024, and the statements of operations, changes in net financial assets, cash flows and remeasurement gains and losses for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Municipality as at December 31, 2024, and the results of its operations, changes in net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Municipality in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Municipality or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Municipality's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

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- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Municipality to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Prairie Strag

PRAIRIE STRONG
Chartered Professional Accountants

Melville, Saskatchewan February 24, 2025

Resort Village of B-Say-Tah Statement of Financial Position As at December 31, 2024

Part		2024	Statement 1 2023
Investments (Note 3)			
Taxes Receivable - Municipal (Note 4)			
Other Accounts Receivable (Note 5) 22,342 21,129 Assets Held for Sale (Note 6) - - Long-Term Receivable - - Debt Charges Recoverable - - Derivative Assets - - Other - - Total Financial Assets 1,546,798 1,516,551 LIABILITIES Bank Indebtedness - - - Accounts Payable 38,301 19,242 Accounted Liabilities Payable - - - Deposits -		1 1	1,028,470
Assets Held for Sale (Note 6)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		20,475
Long-Term Receivable		22,342	21,129
Debt Charges Recoverable Derivative Assets Country Countr			:#0
Derivative Assets	Long-Term Receivable	-	(+ 3
Other 1,546,798 1,516,555 LIABILITIES Bank Indebtedness 38,301 19,242 Accounts Payable 38,301 19,242 Accounted Liabilities Payable - - Derivative Liabilities - - Deposits - - Deferred Revenue (Note 7) 1,500 1,500 Asser Retirement Obligation - - Liability for Contaminated Sites - - Infrastructure Liabilities - - Cong-Term Debt (Note 8) - - Lease Obligations - - Total Liabilities 39,801 20,742 NET FINANCIAL ASSETS 1,506,997 1,495,809 NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS 1,506,997 1,495,809 NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS 1,206,997 1,495,809 Coult James and Deferred Charges 1,4740 13,674 Stock and Supplies - - Other - - Total Non-Financial Ass	Debt Charges Recoverable	*	(4)
	Derivative Assets	2	=-
Bank Indebtedness	Other	2	
Bank Indebtedness	Total Financial Assets	1,546,798	1,516,551
Accounts Payable 38,301 19,242 Accrued Liabilities Payable	LIABILITIES		
Accrued Liabilities Payable			(2.1
Defivative Liabilities		38,301	19,242
Deposits	Accrued Liabilities Payable		22 0
Deferred Revenue (Note 7)	Derivative Liabilities		(9.0
Asset Retirement Obligation		ε .	:=
Liability for Contaminated Sites	Deferred Revenue (Note 7)	1,500	1,500
Infrastructure Liability	Asset Retirement Obligation	:=	-
Other Liabilities -	Liability for Contaminated Sites	2	=
Long-Term Debt (Note 8)	Infrastructure Liability	2	5 <u>.</u>
Lease Obligations - - Total Liabilities 39,801 20,742 NET FINANCIAL ASSETS 1,506,997 1,495,809 NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS Tangible Capital Assets (Schedule 6, 7) 321,605 341,217 Prepayments and Deferred Charges 14,740 13,674 Stock and Supplies - - Other - - Total Non-Financial Assets 336,345 354,891 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Schedule 8) 1,843,342 1,850,700 Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) is comprised of: - - Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) excluding remeasurement gains (losses) (Schedule 8) 1,843,342 1,850,700	Other Liabilities	2	E
Total Liabilities 39,801 20,742 NET FINANCIAL ASSETS 1,506,997 1,495,809 NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS 321,605 341,217 Prepayments and Deferred Charges 14,740 13,674 Stock and Supplies - - Other - - Total Non-Financial Assets 336,345 354,891 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Schedule 8) 1,843,342 1,850,700 Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) is comprised of: - - Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) excluding remeasurement gains (losses) (Schedule 8) 1,843,342 1,850,700	Long-Term Debt (Note 8)	€ .	ja
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS 1,506,997 1,495,809 NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS 321,605 341,217 Prepayments and Deferred Charges 14,740 13,674 Stock and Supplies - - Other - - Total Non-Financial Assets 336,345 354,891 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Schedule 8) 1,843,342 1,850,700 Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) excluding remeasurement gains (losses) (Schedule 8) 1,843,342 1,850,700	Lease Obligations		
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS	Total Liabilities	39,801	20,742
Tangible Capital Assets (Schedule 6, 7) 321,605 341,217 Prepayments and Deferred Charges 14,740 13,674 Stock and Supplies - - Other - - Total Non-Financial Assets 336,345 354,891 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Schedule 8) 1,843,342 1,850,700 Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) is comprised of: Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) excluding remeasurement gains (losses) (Schedule 8) 1,843,342 1,850,700	NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	1,506,997	1,495,809
Prepayments and Deferred Charges 14,740 13,674 Stock and Supplies			
Stock and Supplies Other Total Non-Financial Assets ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Schedule 8) Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) is comprised of: Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) excluding remeasurement gains (losses) (Schedule 8) 1,843,342 1,850,700		321,605	341,217
Other	Prepayments and Deferred Charges	14,740	13,674
Total Non-Financial Assets 336,345 354,891 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Schedule 8) Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) is comprised of: Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) excluding remeasurement gains (losses) (Schedule 8) 1,843,342 1,850,700	Stock and Supplies	-	2
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Schedule 8) Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) is comprised of: Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) excluding remeasurement gains (losses) (Schedule 8) 1,843,342 1,850,700	Other	-	<u> </u>
Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) is comprised of: Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) excluding remeasurement gains (losses) (Schedule 8) 1,843,342 1,850,700	Total Non-Financial Assets	336,345	354,891
Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) excluding remeasurement gains (losses) (Schedule 8) 1,843,342 1,850,700	ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Schedule 8)	1,843,342	1,850,700
Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) excluding remeasurement gains (losses) (Schedule 8) 1,843,342 1,850,700	Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) is comprised of:		
		1,843,342	1,850,700
		<u></u>	2

Resort Village of B-Say-Tah Statement of Operations As at December 31, 2024

	2024 Budget	2024	Statement 2 2023
REVENUES	2024 Budget	2024	2023
Tax Revenue (Schedule 1)	337,930	338,476	341,555
Other Unconditional Revenue (Schedule 1)	62,570	70,070	63,167
Fees and Charges (Schedule 4, 5)	14,920	15,007	16,427
Conditional Grants (Schedule 4, 5)	:E	. =	ē
Tangible Capital Asset Sales - Gain (Schedule 4, 5)	19	=	æ
Land Sales - Gain (Schedule 4, 5)	3. 	*	24
Investment Income (Schedule 4, 5)	17,000	58,013	56,063
Commissions (Schedule 4, 5)	(4)	=	=
Restructurings (Schedule 4,5)	3#1	=	
Other Revenues (Schedule 4, 5)	5 6 9	=	
Total Revenues	432,420	481,566	477,212
CANDENIONG	,,	***	
EXPENSES	1 60 000 T	200 107	155 500
General Government Services (Schedule 3)	168,000	203,137	177,700
Protective Services (Schedule 3)	17,090	16,437	15,944
Transportation Services (Schedule 3)	158,770	149,527	166,062
Environmental and Public Health Services (Schedule 3)	37,070	44,405	40,823
Planning and Development Services (Schedule 3)	.5€3	*	:=
Recreation and Cultural Services (Schedule 3)	57,490	85,824	65,071
Utility Services (Schedule 3)	ti n a	*	2
Restructurings (Schedule 3)	ংশ	-	8
Total Expenses	438,420	499,330	465,600
Annual Surplus (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenses before Other Capital Contributions_	(17,090)	(17,764)	11,612
Provincial/Federal Capital Grants and Contributions (Schedule 4, 5)	6,000	10,406	10,514
Annual Surplus (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenses	(11,090)	(7,358)	22,126
Accumulated Surplus excluding remeasurement gains (losses), Beginning of Year	1,850,700	1,850,700	1,828,574
Accumulated Surplus excluding remeasurement gains (losses), End of Year	1,839,610	1,843,342	1,850,700

Resort Village of B-Say-Tah Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets As at December 31, 2024

	2024 Budget	2024	Statement 3 2023
Annual Surplus (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenses	(11,090)	(7,358)	22,126
(Acquisition) of tangible capital assets		7.F-	= 0.0
Amortization of tangible capital assets	:•:	19,612	22,216
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	845	341	: 4 0
Loss (gain) on the disposal of tangible capital assets	E	te l	<u> </u>
Transfer of assets/liabilities in restructuring transactions	-		
Surplus (Deficit) of capital expenses over expenditures	-	19,612	22,216
(Acquisition) of supplies inventories		-	
(Acquisition) of prepaid expense	-	(14,740)	(13,674)
Consumption of supplies inventory	7 = 1	-	\$
Use of prepaid expense	•	13,674	13,165
Surplus (Deficit) of expenses of other non-financial over expenditures	-	(1,066)	(509)
Unrealized remeasurement gains (losses)		19	<u></u>
Increase/Decrease in Net Financial Assets	(11,090)	11,188	43,833
Net Financial Assets - Beginning of Year	1,495,809	1,495,809	1,451,976
Net Financial Assets - End of Year	1,484,719	1,506,997	1,495,809

Resort Village of B-Say-Tah Statement of Cash Flow As at December 31, 2024

	2024	Statement 2023
Cash provided by (used for) the following activities	*	
Operating:		
Annual Surplus (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenses	(7,358)	22,126
Amortization	19,612	22,216
Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets		
	12,254	44,342
Change in assets/liabilities		
Taxes Receivable - Municipal	1,131	(9,38
Other Receivables	(1,213)	1,16
Assets Held for Sale		
Other Financial Assets	g	
Accounts and Accrued Liabilities Payable	19,059	2,75
Derivative Liabilities	-	
Deposits	<u>×</u>	
Deferred Revenue	9	
Asset Retirement Obligation	≤ 1	
Liability for Contaminated Sites	2	
Infrastructure Liability	₩	
Other Liabilities	*	
Stock and Supplies		
Prepayments and Deferred Charges	(1,066)	(50
Other	-	`
ash provided by operating transactions	30,165	38,35
Capital:		
Acquisition of capital assets	2	
Proceeds from the disposal of capital assets	*	
Cash applied to capital transactions		
nvesting:		
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash or cash equivalents	T I	
Proceeds from disposal of investments		
Decrease (increase) in investments	(43,592)	(40,59
Cash provided by (applied to) investing transactions	(43,592)	(40,59
ash provided by (applied to) investing transactions	(43,372)	(40,5)
inancing:		
Debt charges recovered	=	
Long-term debt issued		
Long-term debt repaid	÷	
Other financing	= =	
ash provided by (applied to) financing transactions	-,	
hange in Cash and Cash Equivalents during the year	(13,427)	(2,23
ash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	446,477	448,71
ash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	433,050	446,47
98 12 199 90 W	100,000	710,47
ash and cash equivalents is made up of:	122.020	4,
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	433,050	446,47
Less: restricted portion of cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	-	
Temporary bank indebtedness		
	433,050	446,47

Resort Village of B-Say-Tah Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses As at December 31, 2024

	2024	Statement 5 2023
Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses) at the beginning of the year:	5	150
Unrealized gains (losses) attributable to:		
Derivatives		
Equity Investments measured at fair value		
Foreign exchange		
	•	7.5
Amounts reclassified to the Statement of Operations:		
Derivatives		
Equity Investments measured at fair value		
Reversal of net remeasurements of portfolio investments		
Foreign exchange		
	-	()
Net remeasurement gains (losses) for the year		(#I
Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses) at end of year	-	(#)

1. Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the municipality have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS) as recommended by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada (CPA Canada). Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the municipality are as follows:

Basis of Accounting: The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting requires revenues to be recognized as they become available and measurable and expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of the receipt of goods and services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

a) Reporting Entity: The financial statements consolidate the assets, liabilities and flow of resources of the municipality. The entity is comprised of all of the organizations that are owned or controlled by the municipality and are, therefore, accountable to the Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources, There are no entities included in these financial statements.

Partnerships: A partnership represents a contractual arrangement between the municipality and a party or parties outside the reporting entity. The partners have significant, clearly defined common goals, make a financial investment in the partnership, share control of decision making, and share, on an equitable basis, the significant risks and benefits associated with the operations of the partnership. These financial statements contain no partnerships.

- b) Collection of Funds for Other Authorities: Collection of funds by the municipality for school boards, municipal hail and conservation and development authorities are collected and remitted in accordance with relevant legislation.
- Government Transfers: Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return. Government transfers are recognized as revenue in the period that the events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing:
 - a) the transfers are authorized
 - b) any eligibility criteria have been met; and
 - c) reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made;

Unearned government transfer amounts received will be recorded as deferred revenue until eligibility criteria or stipulations are met. Earned government transfer amounts not received will be recorded as an amount receivable.

Government transfers to individuals and other entities are recognized as an expense when the transfers are authorized and all eligibility criteria have been met.

- d) Other (Non-Government Transfer) Contributions: Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year received or in the year the funds are committed to the municipality if the amount can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Externally restricted contributions are contributions for which the contributor has placed restrictions on the use of the resources. Externally restricted contributions are deferred until the resources are used for the purpose specified, at which time the contributions are recognized as revenue. In-kind contributions are recorded at their fair value when they are realized.
- e) Revenue Fees and charges, interest and commissions are recorded as revenue as the service or contract is performed, provided that at the time of performance ultimate collection is reasonably assured. If payment is not received at the time the service or contract is performed, an accounts receivable will be recorded.

When a single transaction requires the delivery of more than one performance obligation, the revenue recognition criteria are applied to the separately identifiable performance obligations. A performance obligation is considered to be separately identified if the product or service delivered has stand-alone value to that customer and the fair value associated with the product or service can be measured reliably. The amount recognized as revenue for each performance obligation is its fair value in relation to the fair value of the contract as a whole.

For each performance obligation, the municipality must ascertain whether the obligation is satisfied over a period of time. or at a point in time. In order to do this, the characteristics of the underlying goods and/or services must be considered in order to determine when the ultimate performance obligations will be satisfied. If any of the below criteria are met, the revenue must be recognized over a period of time; otherwise, corresponding amounts are to be recognized at a point in time.

- a) The payor simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the municipality's performance as they fulfil the performance obligation
- b) The municipality's performance creates or enhances an asset (for example, work in progress) that the payor controls or uses as the asset is created or enhanced
- c) The municipality's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to itself, and the municipality has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date
- d) The municipality is expected to continually maintain or support the transferred good or service under the terms of the agreement
- e) The municipality provides the payor with access to a specific good or service under the terms of the agreement

When determining the amounts of revenue to recognize at various stages along the point of time, determinants vary but often include percentage complete.

Deferred Revenue - Fees and charges: Certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred or services performed.

1. Significant Accounting Policies - continued

- D Local Improvement Charges: Local improvement projects financed by frontage taxes recognize any prepayment charges as revenue in the period assessed.
- g) Net Financial Assets: Net Financial Assets at the end of an accounting period are the net amount of financial assets less liabilities outstanding. Financial assets represent items such as cash and those other assets on hand which could provide resources to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. These include realizable assets which are convertible to eash and not intended for consumption in the normal course of operations.
- h) Non-Financial Assets: Tangible capital and other non-financial assets are accounted for as assets by the government because they can be used to provide government services in future periods. These assets do not normally provide resources to discharge the liabilities of the government unless they are sold.
- Appropriated Reserves: Reserves are established at the discretion of Council to designate surplus for future operating and capital transactions. Amounts so designated are described on Schedule 8,
- Property Tax Revenue: Property tax revenue is based on assessments determined in accordance with Saskatchewan Legislation and the formulas, principles, and rules in the Saskatchewan Assessment Manual. Tax mill rates are established annually by council. Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred, Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue,
- k) Financial Instruments: Derivative and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are carried at fair value. All other financial instruments are measured at cost/amortized cost; financial assets measured at amortized cost are recognized initially net of transaction costs with interest income recognized using the effective interest rate method. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of operations when there is an other than temporary decline in value.

Interest and dividends attributable to financial instruments are reported in the statement of operations. Unrealized gains and losses are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses. When the investment is disposed of the accumulated gains or losses are reclassified to the statement of operations,

Long-term debt: Long-term debt is initially recognized net of premiums, discounts, and transaction costs and is measured at amortized cost with interest expense recognized using the effective interest rate method.

Long-term receivables: Receivables with terms longer than one year have been classified as other long-term receivables.

Measurement of Financial Instruments:

The municipalities financial assets and liabilities are measured as follows:

Financial Statement line item Measurement Cash & Cash Equivalents Cost Investments Cost Other Accounts Receivable Cost Long term receivables Cost Bank Indebtedness Cost Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Cost Deposit liabilities Amortized cost

- Inventories: Inventories of materials and supplies expected to be used by the municipality are valued at the lower of cost or replacement cost. Inventories of land, materials and supplies held for resale are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value, Cost is determined by the average cost method. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business.
- Tangible Capital Assets: All tangible capital asset acquisitions or betterments made throughout the year are recorded at their acquisition cost. Initial costs for tangible capital assets that were acquired and developed prior to 2009 were obtained via historical cost information or using current fair market values discounted by a relevant deflation factor back to the point of acquisition. Donated tangible capital assets received are recorded at their fair market value at the date of contribution. The cost of these tangible capital assets less any residual value are amortized over the asset's useful life using the straight-line method of amortization. Tangible capital assets that are recognized at a nominal value are disclosed on Schedule 6. The municipality's tangible capital asset useful lives are estimated as follows:

Asset	Useful Life
General Assets	
Land	Indefinite
Land Improvements	5 to 20 Yrs
Buildings	10 to 50 Yrs
Vehicles & Equipment	
Vehicles	5 to 10 Yrs
Machinery and Equipment	5 to 10 Yrs
Leased Capital Assets	Lease term
Infrastructure Assets	
Infrastructure Assets	30 to 75 Yrs
Water & Sewer	30 to 75 Yrs
Road Network Assets	30 to 75 Yrs

Government Contributions: Government contributions for the acquisition of capital assets are reported as capital revenue and do not reduce the cost of the related asset.

Works of Art and Other Unrecognized Assets: Assets that have a historical or cultural significance, which include works of art, monuments and other cultural artifacts are not recognized as tangible capital assets because a reasonable estimate of future benefits associated with this property cannot be made.

Capitalization of Interest: The municipality does not capitalize interest incurred while a tangible capital asset is under construction.

Leases: All leases are recorded on the financial statements as either a capital or operating lease. Any lease that transfers substantially all of the benefits and risk associated with the leased asset is classified as a capital lease and recorded as tangible capital asset. At the inception of a capital lease, an asset and a payment obligation are recorded at an amount equal to the leaser of the present value of the minimum lease payments and the asset's fair market value. Assets under capital leases are amortized on a straight line basis, over their estimated useful lives. Any other lease not meeting the before mentioned criteria is classified as an operating lease and rental payments are expensed as incurred.

1. Significant Accounting Policies - continued

- n) Trust Funds: Funds held in trust for others are not included in the financial statements as they are not controlled by the municipality.
- o) **Employee Benefit Plans:** Contributions to the municipality's multiemployer defined benefit plans are expensed when contributions are made. Under the defined benefit plan, the municipality's obligations are limited to their contributions.
- p) Liability for Contaminated Sites: Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of contaminated sites is recognized when all the following criteria are met:
 - a) an environmental standard exists;
 - b) contamination exceeds the environmental standard;
 - c) the municipality:
 - i. is directly responsible; or
 - ii. accepts responsibility;
 - d) it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
 - e) a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.
- q) Measurement Uncertainty: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the period.

Measurement uncertainty impacts the following financial statement areas:

Accounts receivable are stated after evaluation as to their collectability and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary.

The measurement of materials and supplies are based on estimates of volume and quality.

The 'Opening Asset costs' of tangible capital assets have been estimated where actual costs were not available.

Amortization is based on the estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets.

The liability associated with asset retirement obligations are measured with reference to the best estimate of the amount required to ultimately remediate the liability at the financial statement date, the discount rate, and inflation.

Measurement financial instruments at fair value and recognition and measurement of impairment of financial instruments requires the use of significant management estimates.

These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary they are reported in earnings in the periods in which they become known.

r) Basis of Segmentation/Segment Report: The municipality follows the Public Sector Accounting Board's recommendations requiring financial information to be provided on a segmented basis. Municipal services have been segmented by grouping activities that have similar service objectives (by function). Revenues that are directly related to the costs of the function have been attributed to each segment. Interest is allocated to functions based on the purpose of specific borrowings.

The segments (functions) are as follows:

General Government: Provides for the administration of the municipality.

Protective Services: Comprised of expenses for Police and Fire protection.

<u>Transportation Services:</u> Responsible for the delivery of public works services related to the development and maintenance of roadway systems and street lighting.

Environmental and Public Health: The environmental segment provides waste disposal and other environmental services. The public health segment provides for expenses related to public health services in the municipality.

Planning and Development: Provides for neighbourhood development and sustainability.

Recreation and Culture: Provides for community services through the provision of recreation and leisure services.

<u>Utility Services:</u> Provides for delivery of water, collecting and treating of wastewater and providing collection and disposal of solid waste.

1. Significant Accounting Policies - continued

- s) **Budget Information**: Budget information is presented on a basis consistent with that used for actual results. The budget was approved by Council on June 24, 2024.
- t) Assets Held for Sale: the municipality is committed to selling the asset, the asset is in a condition to be sold, the asset is publicly seen to be for sale, there is an active market for the asset, there is a plan in place for selling the asset and the sale is reasonably anticipated to be completed within one year of the financial statement date.
- u) Asset Retirement Obligation: Asset Retirement Obligations represent the legal obligations associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset that result from its acquisition, construction, development, or normal use. The tangible assets include but are not limited to assets in productive use, assets no longer in productive use, leased tangible capital assets.

The liability associated with an asset retirement obligation is measured with reference to the best estimate of the amount required to ultimately remediate the liability at the financial statement date to the extent that all recognition criteria are met. Asset retirement obligations are only recognized when there is a legal obligation for the municipality to incur costs in relation to a specific TCA, when the past transaction or event causing the liability has already occurred, when economic benefits will need to be given up in order to remediate the liability and when a reasonable estimate of such amount can be made. The best estimate of the liability includes all costs directly attributable to the remediation of the asset retirement obligation, based on the most reliable information that is available as at the applicable reporting date. Where cash flows are expected over future periods, the liability is recognized using a present value technique.

When a liability for an asset retirement obligation is initially recognized, a corresponding adjustment to the related tangible capital asset is also recognized. Through the passage of time in subsequent reporting periods, the carrying value of the liability is adjusted to reflect accretion expenses incurred in the current period. This expense ensures that the time value of money is considered when recognizing outstanding liabilities at each reporting date. The capitalized asset retirement cost within tangible capital assets is also simultaneously depreciated on the same basis as the underlying asset to which it relates.

At remediation, the municipality derecognizes the liability that was established. In some circumstances, gains or losses may be incurred upon settlement related to the ongoing measurement of the liability and corresponding estimates that were made and are recognized in the statement of operations.

v) Loan Guarantees: The municipality provides loan guarantees for various (describe) organizations, which are not consolidated as part of the municipality's Statements. As the guarantees represent potential financial commitments for the municipality, these amounts are considered as contingent liabilities and not formally recognized as liabilities until the municipality considers it likely for the borrower to default on its obligation and the amount of the liability can be estimated. The municipality monitors the status of the organizations, loans, and lines of credit annually and in the event that payment by the municipality is likely to occur, a provision will be recognized in the Statements.

The municipality does not have any loan quarantees to other organizations.

w) New Accounting Policies Adopted During the Year:

PS 3160, Public private partnerships, a new standard establishing guidance on how to account for and report on partnerships between public and private sector entities. Specifically those in which the entity in the public sector procures infrastructure in conjunction with a private sector entity. In these scenarios the private sector entity must have obligations to design, build, acquire or improve existing infrastructure. Furthermore they must also finance the transaction past the point in which the asset is initially ready for use along with operating and/or maintaining such on an ongoing basis.

PS 3400, Revenue, a new standard establishing guidance on how to account for and report on revenue. The standard provides a framework for recognizing, measuring and reporting revenues that arise from transactions that include performance obligations and transactions that do not have performance obligations. Performance obligations are enforceable promises to provide specific goods or services to a specific payer.

PSG-8, Purchased intangibles, provides guidance on accounting for and reporting on purchased intangibles. It provides clarity on the recognition criteria, along with instances of assets that would not meet the definition of such. The standard may be adopted retroactively or prospectively.

Short-term investments - amortized cost 108,814 107,203 Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents 433,050 446,477 Cash and Cash Equivalents 2024 2023	2. Cash a	and Cash Equivalents	2024	2023
		Short-term investments - amortized cost	II II	339,274 107,203
Investments carried at amortized cost:			433,050	446,477
Investments carried at amortized cost: 1,072,062 1,028,470		Cash and cash equivalents include balances with banks and short-term deposits with maturities of three	months or less.	
Term deposits	3. Investr	nents	2024	2023
Long-term notes and deposits have effective interest rates of 2,00% to 4.25% and mature in a year or more. 2024 2023		The Control of the Co	1,072,062	1,028,470
Total taxes receivable to be collected on behalf of other organizations 19,344 20,475 10,406		Total Investments	1,072,062	1,028,470
Investment Income: Interest		Long-term notes and deposits have effective interest rates of 2.00% to 4.25% and mature in a year or mo	ore.	
Interest Dividends Divid			2024	2023
Total investment income S8,013 S6,063		Interest Dividends		56,063
			2	56,063
Municipal - Current	4. Taxes	Receivable - Municipal		
Arrears				
19,344 20,475			1	
Total municipal taxes receivable 19,344 20,475				
School			9 2	= ==
Arrears		Total municipal taxes receivable	19,344	20,475
Total taxes to be collected on behalf of School Divisions 13,776 13,504		School - Current	4,243	4,214
Other 33,120 33,979 Deduct taxes receivable to be collected on behalf of other organizations (13,776) (13,504) Total Taxes Receivable - Municipal 19,344 20,475 5. Other Accounts Receivable 2024 2023 Federal Government Provincial Government Local Government Utility 851 815 Local Government Trade Goods and Service Tax 9,056 12,112 Goods and Service Tax 12,435 8,202 Total Other Accounts Receivable 22,342 21,129 Less: Allowance for Uncollectible - -		V L		9,290
Total taxes receivable to be collected on behalf of other organizations 33,120 33,979		Total taxes to be collected on behalf of School Divisions	13,776	13,504
Deduct taxes receivable to be collected on behalf of other organizations Total Taxes Receivable - Municipal 5. Other Accounts Receivable Federal Government Provincial Government Local Government Utility Trade Goods and Service Tax Total Other Accounts Receivable Less: Allowance for Uncollectible 19,344 20,475 2023 2023 19,344 20,475 2023 2023 2023 2024 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 2024 2023 2023		Other		
Total Taxes Receivable - Municipal 19,344 20,475 5. Other Accounts Receivable 2024 2023 Federal Government Provincial Government Local Government Utility 851 815 Local Government Utility 9,056 12,112 Goods and Service Tax 12,435 8,202 Total Other Accounts Receivable 22,342 21,129 Less: Allowance for Uncollectible - -		Total taxes receivable to be collected on behalf of other organizations	33,120	33,979
Federal Government		Deduct taxes receivable to be collected on behalf of other organizations	(13,776)	(13,504)
Federal Government		Total Taxes Receivable - Municipal	19,344	20,475
Provincial Government 851 815 Local Government - - Utility - - Trade 9,056 12,112 Goods and Service Tax 12,435 8,202 Total Other Accounts Receivable 22,342 21,129 Less: Allowance for Uncollectible - -	5. Other A	Accounts Receivable	2024	2023
Less: Allowance for Uncollectible		Provincial Government Local Government Utility Trade Goods and Service Tax	9,056 12,435	12,112 8,202
Net Other Accounts Receivable 22,342 21,129		Less: Allowance for Uncollectible	199	21,127
		Net Other Accounts Receivable	22,342	21,129

6. Assets Held for Sale	2024	2023
Tax Title Property		15.0
Allowance for market value adjustment	*	
Net Tax Title Property	•	
Other Land	*	
Allowance for market value adjustment		
Net Other Land	-	-
Total Assets Held for Sale	8	
7. Deferred Revenue	2024	2023
Prepaid Building Permits	1,500	1,500
Total Deferred Revenue	1,500	1,500

8. Long-Term Debt

The debt limit of the municipality is \$ 414,045. The debt limit for a municipality is the total amount of the municipality's own source revenues for the preceding year (the *Municipalities Act* section 161(1)).

9. Pension Plan

The municipality is an employer member of the Municipal Employee Pension Plan (MEPP), which is a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Commission of MEPP, representing plan member employers, is responsible for overseeing the management of the pension plan, including investment of assets and administration of benefits. The benefits accrued to the employees from MEPP are calculated using the Pensionable Years of Service, Highest Average Salary, and the plan accrual rate.

The contributions to the MEPP by the participating employers are not segregated in separate accounts or restricted to provide benefits to the employees of a particular employer. As a result, individual employers are not able to identify their share of the underlying assets and liabilities, and the net pension assets or liabilities for this plan are not recognized in these financial statements. The municipality's contributions are expensed when due.

Details of the MEPP are as follows:	2024	2023
Member contribution rate (percentage of salary)	9.00%	9.00%
Municipal contribution rate (percentage of salary)	9.00%	9.00%
Member contributions for the year	\$8,184	\$7,856
Municipal contributions for the year	\$8,184	\$7,856
Actuarial extrapolation date	Dec-31-2023	Dec-31-2022
Plan Assets (in thousands)	\$3,602,822	\$3,275,495
Plan Liabilities (in thousands)	\$2,441,485	\$2,254,194
Plan Surplus (in thousands)	\$1,161,337	\$1,021,301

10. Risk Management

The municipality is exposed to financial risks from its financial assets and liabilities. These risks include credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge their responsibilities with respect to the financial instrument, and in so doing cause a loss for the other party. The financial instruments that potentially subject the municipality to credit risk consist of taxes, other & long-term receivables. Management reviews accounts receivable on a case by case basis to determine if a valuation allowance is necessary to reflect any impairment in collectability.

The municipalities maximum exposure to credit risk as at December 31 is as follows:	2024
Taxes Receivable - Municipal	19,344
Other Accounts Receivable	22,342
Long-Term Receivables	(#1
Maximum credit risk exposure	41,686

At December 31 the following financial instruments were past due but not impaired:

	30 days	60 days	90 days	Over 120
Taxes Receivable - Municipal	8,170	3	9	11,174
Other Accounts Receivable	18,942	2:	80	3,400
Long-Term Receivables	·	8.	90	=
Total Receivables	27,112		380	14,574
Allowance for Doubtful accounts	15	8:	828	
Net total	27,112	16	E-	14,574

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the municipality will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations as they fall due. The municipality manages liquidity risk by monitoring budgets and maintaining adequate cash balances. The following table sets out the contractual maturities of the municipality's financial liabilities.

	Total	2024	2025	2026	Post 2026
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	38,301	38,301		191	
Long-term debt	18	2	- 23		
Net total	38,301	38,301	~		Ya.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency and other price risk. The municipality is not exposed to currency or other price risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The municipality's interest rate exposure relates to cash and cash equivalents. The municipality minimizes these risks by:

- holding cash in an account at a Canadian bank, denominated in Canadian currency
- · managing cash flows to minimize utilization of a bank line of credit

Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in currency fluctuations. The municipality has no exposure to currency risk.

Other Price Risk

Other price risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in fair value of equity investments. The municipality has no exposure to other price risk.

Resort Village of B-Say-Tah Schedule of Taxes and Other Unconditional Revenue As at December 31, 2024

		Schedule
2024 Budget	2024	2023
NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.		
396,050	388,331	394,392
	(52)	(58
(60,000)	(55,787)	(56,002
336,050	332,492	338,332
i i	2	5
	:=	3
1,880	5,984	3,223
		2
2	22	ā
337,930	338,476	341,555
44,770	51,005	44,789
<u> </u>		
44,770	51,005	44,789
	1	ā
) s	in 134	
900	507	599
800	397	395
	5	
5		
17,000	10 160	17,779
17,000	10,400	17,775
	-	
17,800	19,065	18,378
	14 002	א/ר הו
17,800	15,005	10,570
	396,050 (60,000) 336,050 1,880 	396,050 388,331 (52) (60,000) (55,787) 336,050 332,492

As at December 31, 20	124		Schedule 2 -
	2024 Budget	2024	2023
NERAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES			
erating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges			
- Custom work	1,000	2,110	2,38
- Sales of supplies	7,140	5,413	8,26
- Rentals	-		
Total Fees and Charges	8,140	7,523	10,64
- Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	=	e e	
- Land sales - gain	ē.	-	
- Investment income	17,000	58,013	56,00
- Commissions	23	2	
- Other		2	
Total Other Segmented Revenue	25,140	65,536	66,7
Conditional Grants			
- Student Employment	*		
- Other			
Total Conditional Grants		-	
al Operating	25,140	65,536	66,7
pital		,	
Conditional Grants			
- Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)			
- Investing in Canada Infrastructure Program			
- Provincial Disaster Assistance			
		*	
()thor			
- Other			
cal Capital		= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	
al Capital structuring Revenue	2	=	6671
cal Capital	25,140	65,536	66,70
al Capital structuring Revenue al General Government Services	2	=	66,70
al Capital structuring Revenue al General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES	2	=	66,7
cal Capital structuring Revenue cal General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES erating	2	=	66,7
cal Capital structuring Revenue cal General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES erating Other Segmented Revenue	2	=	66,7
cal Capital structuring Revenue cal General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES crating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges	2	=	66,7
cal Capital structuring Revenue cal General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES crating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided	2	=	66,7
cal Capital structuring Revenue cal General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES erating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided - Other	2	=	66,7
al Capital structuring Revenue al General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES erating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided - Other Total Fees and Charges	2	=	66,7
cal Capital structuring Revenue cal General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES crating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided - Other Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	2	=	66,7
cal Capital structuring Revenue cal General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES crating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided - Other Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) - Other	2	=	66,7
ral Capital structuring Revenue ral General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES erating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided - Other Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) - Other Total Other Segmented Revenue	2	=	66,7
ral Capital structuring Revenue ral General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES erating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided - Other Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) - Other Total Other Segmented Revenue Conditional Grants	25,140	65,536	66,7
ral Capital structuring Revenue ral General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES erating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided - Other Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) - Other Total Other Segmented Revenue Conditional Grants - Student Employment	25,140	65,536	66,7
ral Capital structuring Revenue ral General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES erating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided - Other Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) - Other Total Other Segmented Revenue Conditional Grants - Student Employment - Local government	25,140	65,536	66,7
ral Capital structuring Revenue ral General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES erating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided - Other Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) - Other Total Other Segmented Revenue Conditional Grants - Student Employment - Local government - Other	25,140	65,536	66,7
ral Capital structuring Revenue ral General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES erating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided - Other Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) - Other Total Other Segmented Revenue Conditional Grants - Student Employment - Local government	25,140	65,536	66,7
ral Capital structuring Revenue ral General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES erating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided - Other Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) - Other Total Other Segmented Revenue Conditional Grants - Student Employment - Local government - Other Total Conditional Grants al Operating	25,140	65,536	66,7
ral Capital structuring Revenue ral General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES erating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided - Other Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) - Other Total Other Segmented Revenue Conditional Grants - Student Employment - Local government - Other Total Conditional Grants	25,140	65,536	66,7
ral Capital structuring Revenue ral General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES erating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided - Other Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) - Other Total Other Segmented Revenue Conditional Grants - Student Employment - Local government - Other Total Conditional Grants al Operating	25,140	65,536	66,7
ral Capital structuring Revenue ral General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES erating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided - Other Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) - Other Total Other Segmented Revenue Conditional Grants - Student Employment - Local government - Other Total Conditional Grants al Operating oital Conditional Grants	25,140	65,536	66,7
ral Capital structuring Revenue ral General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES erating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided - Other Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) - Other Total Other Segmented Revenue Conditional Grants - Student Employment - Local government - Other Total Conditional Grants al Operating oital Conditional Grants - Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	25,140	65,536	66,7
ral Capital structuring Revenue ral General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES erating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided - Other Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) - Other Total Other Segmented Revenue Conditional Grants - Student Employment - Local government - Other Total Conditional Grants al Operating oital Conditional Grants - Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF) - Investing in Canada Infrastructure Program	25,140	65,536	66,7
cal Capital structuring Revenue cal General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES erating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided - Other Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) - Other Total Other Segmented Revenue Conditional Grants - Student Employment - Local government - Other Total Conditional Grants al Operating oital Conditional Grants - Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF) - Investing in Canada Infrastructure Program - Provincial Disaster Assistance	25,140	65,536	66,7
ral Capital structuring Revenue ral General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES erating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided - Other Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) - Other Total Other Segmented Revenue Conditional Grants - Student Employment - Local government - Other Total Conditional Grants al Operating oital Conditional Grants - Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF) - Investing in Canada Infrastructure Program - Provincial Disaster Assistance - Local government	25,140	65,536	66,7
cal Capital structuring Revenue cal General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES crating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided - Other Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) - Other Total Other Segmented Revenue Conditional Grants - Student Employment - Local government - Other Total Conditional Grants al Operating oital Conditional Grants - Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF) - Investing in Canada Infrastructure Program - Provincial Disaster Assistance - Local government - Other	25,140	65,536	66,7
ral Capital structuring Revenue ral General Government Services OTECTIVE SERVICES erating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire services provided - Other Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) - Other Total Other Segmented Revenue Conditional Grants - Student Employment - Local government - Other Total Conditional Grants al Operating oital Conditional Grants - Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF) - Investing in Canada Infrastructure Program - Provincial Disaster Assistance - Local government	25,140	65,536	66,70

Schedule 2 - 2 2024 2023 2024 Budget TRANSPORTATION SERVICES Operating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Custom work - Sales of supplies - Road Maintenance and Restoration Agreements - Frontage - Other Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) Total Other Segmented Revenue Conditional Grants - RIRG (CTP) - Student Employment - SGI Traffic Safety Fund Total Conditional Grants **Total Operating** Capital Conditional Grants - Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF) - Municipal Economic Enhancement Program - RIRG (Heavy Haul, CTP, Municipal Bridges) - Provincial Disaster Assistance - Other Total Capital Restructuring Revenue **Total Transportation Services** ENVIRONMENTAL AND PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES Operating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Waste and Disposal Fees - Other Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) - Other (Southeast Municipal Healthcare Corp) Total Other Segmented Revenue Conditional Grants - Student Employment - TAPD - Local government - SARM pest control grants Total Conditional Grants **Total Operating** Capital Conditional Grants - Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF) - Investing in Canada Infrastructure Program - Provincial Disaster Assistance **Total Capital** Restructuring Revenue Total Environmental and Public Health Services

Schedule 2 - 3 2024 Budget 2024 2023 PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES Operating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Maintenance and Development Charges - Cemetary fees and charges Total Fees and Charges - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) - Other Total Other Segmented Revenue Conditional Grants - Student Employment - Other Total Conditional Grants **Total Operating** Capital Conditional Grants - Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF) - Investing in Canada Infrastructure Program - Provincial Disaster Assistance **Total Capital** Restructuring Revenue **Total Planning and Development Services** RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES Operating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Other 6,780 7,484 5,781 Total Fees and Charges 6,780 7,484 5,781 - Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) - Other Total Other Segmented Revenue 6,780 7,484 5,781 Conditional Grants - Student Employment - Local government - Other Total Conditional Grants 6,780 7,484 **Total Operating** 5,781 Capital Conditional Grants 6,000 - Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF) 10,406 10,514 - Investing in Canada Infrastructure Program - Local government - Provincial Disaster Assistance - Other **Total Capital** 10,514 6,000 10,406 **Restructuring Revenue Total Recreation and Cultural Services** 12,780 17,890 16,295

			Schedule 2 - 4
	2024 Budget	2024	2023
UTILITY SERVICES			
Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges			
- Water	5	₹.	總
- Sewer	=	=	S#4
- Other		5.	
Total Fees and Charges	-	H	i ± i
- Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	2	€	
- Other	ж.	#	
Total Other Segmented Revenue		¥	÷
Conditional Grants			
- Student Employment	<u>a</u>	Δ.	-
- Other	*		:=
Total Conditional Grants	3	20	
Total Operating	s	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
- Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	9	# ¹ 1	-
- Investing in Canada Infrastructure Program	ត		=
- New Building Canada Fund (SCF, NRP)	-	₩.	:=:
- Clean Water and Wastewater Fund		됮	-
- Provincial Disaster Assistance		-	_
- Other			1.5
Total Capital	8 2	=	=
Restructuring Revenue	-	7.	120
Total Utility Services	-	_	
TOTAL OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION	37,920	83,426	83,004
	= 27,920	00,120	00,001
.8			
SUMMARY			
Total Other Segmented Revenue	31,920	73,020	72,490
Tomic Guiss Seguistics and Johnson	01,720	,5,520	7=,120
Total Conditional Grants	业	_	_
Total Conditional Grants		1	
Total Capital Grants and Contributions	6,000	10 406	10,514
Total Capital Glants and Contitoutions	0,000	10,400	10,514
Pactructuring Payanua		50%	0.5
Kesti actainis Kevenae	[[:=:
TOTAL PEVENIE RV FUNCTION	37 020	83 126	83,004
Total Conditional Grants Total Capital Grants and Contributions Restructuring Revenue TOTAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION	6,000	10,406	1

Resort Village of B-Say-Tah Schedule of Total Expenses by Function As at December 31, 2024

As at December 31, 2024			
	2024 Budget	2024	Schedule 3 - 1 2023
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES	2024 Budget	2024	2023
Council remuneration and travel	7,400	13,775	8,110
Wages and benefits	101,270	110,638	112,197
Professional/Contractual services	32,260	46,866	27,749
Utilities	3,170	4,062	3,078
Maintenance, materials and supplies	22,140	26,035	24,805
Grants and contributions - operating			
- capital			=
Amortization	1,760	1,761	1,761
Interest	5,100	-1	
Accretion of asset retirement obligation		-	
Allowance for uncollectible		_	
Other	2	2	
General Government Services	168,000	203,137	177,700
Restructuring	200,000		
Total General Government Services	168,000	203,137	177,700
PROTECTIVE SERVICES			
Police protection			
Wages and benefits	-	*	
Professional/Contractual services	9,250	10,471	10,531
Utilities	2		=
Maintenance, material and supplies	¥	21	
Grants and contributions - operating		-	
- capital			
Accretion of asset retirement obligation		2	-
Other	A	2	20
Fire protection	- 3	1	
Wages and benefits	T -1	.1	
Professional/Contractual services	1,250	378	5,413
Utilities	1,230	576	5,415
I			
Maintenance, material and supplies	6.500	5 500	
Grants and contributions - operating	6,590	5,588	
- capital		5	語 20
Amortization	5	•	
Interest	2		-
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	*	₩.	
Other		= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	4-044
Protective Services	17,090	16,437	15,944
Restructuring		-	
Total Protective Services	17,090	16,437	15,944
TRANSPORTATION SERVICES			
Wages and benefits	5		100 ==
Professional/Contractual Services	99,780	102,246	109,375
Utilities	14,650	16,073	16,686
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	42,000	28,115	36,908
Gravel	a	•	.=
Grants and contributions - operating	€	028	2
- capital	~	829	2
Amortization	2,340	3,093	3,093
Interest	=	2.5%	5
Accretion of asset retirement obligation		3.51	9
Other		54.	9
Transportation Services	158,770	149,527	166,062
Transportation Services Restructuring	158,770	149,527	166,062

Resort Village of B-Say-Tah Schedule of Total Expenses by Function As at December 31, 2024

As at December 3.	1, 2024		
	2024 Budget	2024	Schedule 3 - 2 2023
ENVIRONMENTAL AND PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES			
Wages and benefits			9.
Professional/Contractual services	37,070	44,405	40,823
Utilities	-	90	
Maintenance, materials and supplies	*	5-00	
Grants and contributions - operating			
Waste disposal	-	(=))	9
o Public Health	-	5-00	19
- capital			
○ Waste disposal	-	(#0)	3
o Public Health		(m)	E-
Amortization	-	5+0	34
Interest	-	>=:	:=
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	-		
Other	-	5-00	
Environmental and Public Health Services	37,070	44,405	40,823
Restructuring		(*)	
Total Environmental and Public Health Services	37,070	44,405	40,823
LANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES			8
Wages and benefits	*	3400	-
Professional/Contractual Services		597.0	
Grants and contributions - operating		(*)	
- capital		-	
Amortization			
Interest			
Accretion of asset retirement obligation			
Other			
lanning and Development Services			
Restructuring	= =	:=c	
otal Planning and Development Services		1903	
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES			
Wages and benefits	£	(9)	3
Professional/Contractual services	26,230	27,739	25,043
Utilities	1,480	2,025	1,195
Maintenance, materials and supplies	23,430	31,276	12,214
Grants and contributions - operating	6,350	10,026	9,257
- capital	, <u>.</u>	í e	ē
Amortization	_	14,758	17,362
Interest		,,,,,	17,50=
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	5		-
Allowance for uncollectible			
Other	-	:-	
ecreation and Cultural Services	57.400	85,824	65 D71
	57,490	05,824	65,071
estructuring	FR 400	97.934	(F. 0=-
otal Recreation and Cultural Services	57,490	85,824	65,071

Resort Village of B-Say-Tah Schedule of Total Expenses by Function As at December 31, 2024

LITH YEV CEDVICES	2024 Budget	2024	Schedule 3 - 3 2023
LITH THE CENTILOEC			
UTILITY SERVICES	7		
Wages and benefits		9	
Professional/Contractual services	(*)	의	U
Utilities	19	살	- 2
Maintenance, materials and supplies	14 P	2	2
Grants and contributions - operating	18 P	-	- 2
- capital	(6)	2	2
Amortization	19	=	2
Interest	1	2	2
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	129	·	12
Allowance for Uncollectible	744	2	2
Other	4	2	- 2
Utility Services	18	-	=
Restructuring	-	-	2
Total Utility Services		-	12

Resort Village of B-Say-Tah Schedule of Segment Disclosure by Function As at December 31, 2024

	General	Protective	Transportation	Transportation Environmental	Planning and	Recreation and	_	
	Government	Services	Services	& Public Health	Development	Culture	Utility Services	Total
Revenues (Schedule 2)								
Fees and Charges	7,523	32	73	5.7	23	7,484	12	15,007
Tangible Capital Asset Sales - Gain		A.	Ö		20	W.	J	201
Land Sales - Gain	•	У.	90	.55	04	**	92	
Investment Income	58,013	9.	¥.	N.	ж		35	58,013
Commissions	*))	50	V	£.	*	*	8	T.
Other Revenues	(A)	120	000	Vis.	C	5	50	i.
Grants - Conditional	9	12.	VA	ist	358	39.	e.	0
- Capital	*	*	il.	75	V	10,406	đ	10,406
Restructurings	98	5.	***	90	12.	*	E.	•
Total Revenues	65,536	V.		Į. P.S.	(*)	17,890	• 1	83,426
Expenses (Schedule 3)								
Wages & Benefits	124,413	E.	Ж	10	T.	*	Ē	124,413
Professional/ Contractual Services	46,866	10,849	102,246	44,405	XC	27,739	Ÿ	232,105
Urilities	4,062	1151	16,073	Šī.	Ø2	2,025	Ü	22,160
Maintenance Materials and Supplies	26,035	9	28,115	ā	70	31,276	Ħ	85,426
Grants and Contributions		5,588	30	all.	100	10,026	Ĭ	15,614
Amortization	1,761	Ī	3,093	3	X	14,758	ij.	19,612
Interest	ř.	ñ.	E	£	00	i.	ñ	С
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	250	£		0	K 0	D)	T)	y 6
Allowance for Uncollectible	1	ig.		9	0)	**	E. S.	30
Restructurings	(t)	Ĭ	31	Ū	() L	***	i.	
Other	ř	E	10	E	(1)	*		•
Total Expenses	203,137	16,437	149,527	44,405	*	85,824	•	499,330
Surnius (Deficit) by Function	(137,601)	(16.437)	(149.527)	(44.405)		(786.79)		(415,904)

4

(7,358)

408,546

Taxes and other unconditional revenue (Schedule 1)

Net Surplus (Deficit)

Resort Village of B-Say-Tah Schedule of Segment Disclosure by Function As at December 31, 2023

	General	Protective	Transportation	Transportation Environmental	Planning and	Recreation and		
	Government	Services	Services	& Public Health	Development	Culture	Utility Services	Total
Revenues (Schedule 2)								
Fees and Charges	10,646	2	230	. 0	020	5,781	¥.	16,427
Tangible Capital Asset Sales - Gain	/k	ű	134	ũ	3	30	100	9
Land Sales - Gain	(6)	Ж	.M.	Ä.	1	SX.	i Vii	199
Investment Income	56,063	N)	10	į.	•	×	T	56,063
Commissions		199	ř.	Ď	Ť	X	ï	*
Other Revenues	()(19.	3.0		4	C	C	Ü
Grants - Conditional	*	St.	36	10	9	T 30	9	
- Capital	*	Ø.	76	ă,	ũ.	10,514	9	10,514
Restructurings	(1)	•	91			00		9
Total Revenues	66,709	•	¥2.	Nex.	3 €5	16,295	3.0	83,004
Fynonese (Schodule 3)								
Wages & Benefits	120.307	.*.) ii	•	8.	0		120 307
Professional/ Contractual Services	27,749	15,944	109,375	40,823		25,043		218,934
Utilities	3,078	10	16,686	£	h	1,195	1	20,959
Maintenance Materials and Supplies	24,805	W(36,908		11/	12,214	1	73,927
Grants and Contributions	(i)	36	9) (14	9,257	(i	9,257
Amortization	1,761	*2.	3,093	*	M	17,362	38	22,216
Interest	*/	V 5	5	*	W.	*	(0)	Œ.
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	•))	ř.	WS	10		х	ı	Ē
Allowance for Uncollectible	(*)	1.0	130	8	92	4%	į.	20
Restructurings		20.	.04	(77)	1.9	20		7.5
Other		(K)	i i	28.	.00	ď	ų.	38
Total Expenses	177,700	15,944	166,062	40,823	*	65,071		465,600

404,722

22,126

(382,596)

(40,823)

(166,062)

(15,944)

(110,991)

Taxes and other unconditional revenue (Schedule 1)

Surplus (Deficit) by Function

Net Surplus (Deficit)

Resort Village of B-Say-Tah Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets by Object As at December 31, 2024

					2024				2023
		9	General Assets			Infrastructure Assets	General/ Infrastructure		
	Land	Land	Buildings	Vehicles	Machinery &	Linear assets	Assets Under	Total	Total
Asset cost		•							Total Communication
Opening Asset costs	86,471	222,979	33,688	K)	105,806	76,533	ž.	525,477	525,477
Additions during the year	ķ.	22	0.	a	59	0	4	10	10)
Disposals and write-downs during the year	*	.0.		Ж		Ŋ	*	(1)	231
Transfers (from) other assets Transfer of Capital Assets related to	6. 6	Au H	* *	125	te u	ж	9 10	(C 6)	ØC 36
Closing Asset Costs	86,471	222,979	33,688		105,806	76,533		525,477	525,477
Accumulated Amortization Cost									
Opening Accumulated Amortization Costs	6	64,383	9,303	W	90,104	20,470	ήť	184,260	162,044
Add: Amortization taken	Š.	13,963	774	100	2,963	1,912	9)	19,612	22,216
Less: Accumulated amortization on disposals Transfers (from) other assets	9 0	36 X	(v (v)	S V	A K	5¥ ¥6	N B	da Se	20 4
ransier of Capital Assets related to restructuring	,	V.	(1)	3'	SE.	7	10	9	_,-
Closing Accumulated Amortization Costs	•	78,346	10,077		93,067	22,382		203,872	184,260
Nei Book Value	86,471	144,633	23,611		12,739	54,151		321,605	341,217

Resort Village of B-Say-Tah Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets by Function As at December 31, 2024

				2024					2023
	General	Protective Services	Transportation Services	Transportation Environmental Services & Public Health	Planning & Development	Recreation & Culture	Water & Sewer	Total	Total
Asset cost					•				
Opening Asset costs	44,920	90	120,347	1,007	N	359,203	(8	525,477	525,477
Additions during the year	r	#ic	<u>(i)</u>	L	V.	M7	<u>(i)</u>	V.	r.
Disposals and write-downs during the year Transfer of Capital Assets related to	- N	3.0	3	9	130	131	ij.	9	.50
restructuring	r	30.	•	30	,O	W	ij	ĸ	C
Closing Asset Costs	44,920	3.9	120,347	1,007	R•3	359,203		525,477	525,477
Accumulated Amortization Cost									
Opening Accumulated Amortization Costs	18,342	,#(/	25,183	1,007	T	139,728)) 512	184,260	162,044
Add: Amortization taken	1,761	584	3,093	39	40	14,758		19,612	22,216
Less: Accumulated amortization on disposals	S	80	•	T	N	30	j),	X.	У
restructuring	51	59	Q sc	53	Si .	99	Ü	10	11.9
Closing Accumulated Amortization Costs	20,103	*	28,276	1,007		154,486		203,872	184,260

341,217

321,605

Net Book Value

Resort Village of B-Say-Tah Schedule of Accumulated Surplus As at December 31, 2024

	2023	Changes	Schedule 8 2024
UNAPPROPRIATED SURPLUS	1,104	12,254	13,358
APPROPRIATED RESERVES			
General Government	174,386	-	174,386
Protective Services	121,537	2	121,537
Transportation Services	408,596	3	408,596
Environmental Health	416,037	æ	416,037
Planning and Development	82,386	*	82,386
Recreation and Culture	305,437		305,437
Total Appropriated	1,508,379		1,508,379
NET INVESTMENT IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS			
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 6, 7)	341,217	(19,612)	321,605
Less: Related debt		=	:50
Net Investment in Tangible Capital Assets	341,217	(19,612)	321,605
Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) excluding remeasurement gains (losses)	1,850,700	(7,358)	1,843,342

Resort Village of B-Say-Tah Schedule of Mill Rates and Assessments As at December 31, 2024

Schedule 9 67,365,520 67,365,520 388,331 253,600 Total Mine(s) Potash Commercial & Industrial 167,200 225,298 29,048,800 Residential Seasonal PROPERTY CLASS Condominium Residential 86,400 163,033 38,316,720 Residential Agriculture (generated for each property class)

Total Municipal Tax Levy (include base and/or minimum tax and special Regional Park Assessment Total Base/Minimum Tax Taxable Assessment Mill Rate Factor(s) Total Assessment levies)

 MILL RATES:
 MILLS

 Average Municipal*
 5.76

 Average School*
 4.54

 Uniform Municipal Mill Rate
 2.00

^{*} Average Mill Rates (multiply the total tax levy for each taxing authority by 1000 and divide by the total assessment for the taxing authority).

Resort Village of B-Say-Tah Schedule of Council Remuneration As at December 31, 2024

Schedule 10

			Reimbursed	
Position	Name	Remuneration	Costs	Total
Mayor	Sneath, Isaac	3,750	26	3,750
Councillor	Fluter, Bob	3,025	12	3,025
Councillor	Korpan, Paul	2,400	V22	2,400
Councillor	Molnar, Mitch	2,050	75	2,050
Councillor	Randal, Troy	2,500	1/2:	2,500
	Other council expenses	*		50
Total		13,725	-	13,775